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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	- X	DOCUMENT ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #: DATE FILED: 11/25/20
MARIO PASSANTE,	:	
Plaintiff,	: :	1:20-cv-4771-GHW
-against-	:	<u>ORDER</u>
LUZZO'S 211, LLC and MICHELE IULIANO,	:	
Defendants.	· :	
	- X	

GREGORY H. WOODS, District Judge:

The Court has been advised that the parties have reached a settlement in this case, which includes claims arising under the Fair Labor Standards Act (the "FLSA"). The parties are directed to proceed in one of the two ways described below. The first alternative describes the process that the parties must follow if they wish to dismiss FLSA claims *with prejudice*. The second alternative describes a process that the parties may follow if they wish to dismiss FLSA claims *without prejudice*.

- (1) Judicial Approval and Order of Dismissal of FLSA Claims with Prejudice under Rule 41(a)(2). In light of the decision of the Second Circuit Court of Appeals in Cheeks v. Freeport Pancake House, Inc., 796 F.3d 199 (2d Cir. 2015), which held that the FLSA falls within the "applicable federal statute" exception to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(1)(A), the parties cannot dismiss claims arising under the FLSA with prejudice pursuant to Rule 41(a)(1)(A). The holding of Cheeks does not apply to claims arising under any statute other than the FLSA. As a result, in order to dismiss an FLSA claim with prejudice, the parties must seek court approval of the proposed dismissal under Rule 41(a)(2). In order to seek such approval, the parties are directed to proceed as follows:
- (a) First, the parties are ORDERED to discuss whether they are willing to consent, under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge.

If both parties consent to proceed before the Magistrate Judge, the parties must, no later than two weeks from the date of this order file on ECF a fully executed Notice, Consent, and Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge form, a copy of which is attached to this order (and is also available at https://nysd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/2018-06/AO-3.pdf). The executed form should be filed on ECF as a "Proposed Order," and be described using the "Consent Order" filing event in accordance with ECF Rule 13.18. If the Court approves that form, all further proceedings, including the evaluation of the proposed settlement, will then be conducted before the assigned Magistrate Judge rather than before me. Any appeal would be taken directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, as it would be if the consent form were not signed and so ordered.

If either party does not consent to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge, the parties must file a joint letter, no later than two weeks from the date of this order, advising the Court that the parties do not consent, **but without disclosing the identity of the party or parties who do not consent**. The parties are free to withhold consent without negative consequences.

(b) Second, if the parties do *not* consent to conduct all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge, they shall instead submit to the Court by three weeks from the date of this order a joint motion via ECF setting forth their views as to why their settlement is fair and should be approved. The motion must address the considerations detailed in *Wolinsky v. Scholastic Inc.*, 900 F. Supp. 2d 332 (S.D.N.Y. 2012), and must include a copy of the settlement agreement itself, attached as an exhibit. *The parties are advised that the Court will not approve settlement agreements that contain a confidentiality provision, and that the Court will not permit the parties to file any portion of any document related to the Court's evaluation of the proposed settlement under seal unless they have first made a particularized showing of the need for the relevant information to be sealed that rebuts the presumption of public access to judicial*

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documents.

If the settlement includes attorney's fees, the parties should also address the reasonableness

of the fees to be awarded under the framework set forth in Goldberger v. Integrated Resources, Inc., 209

F.3d 43, 50 (2d Cir. 2000). Plaintiffs' attorneys must also attach as an exhibit detailed attorney time

records for the Court's review, as the Second Circuit "encourage[s] the practice of requiring

documentation of hours as a 'cross check" even in cases in which the fees awarded are a percentage

of the total award. *Id.* (citation omitted).

Stipulation of Dismissal Without Prejudice under Rule 41(a)(1)(A). The court in Cheeks expressly

reserved decision with respect to voluntary dismissals of FLSA claims without prejudice under Rule

41(a)(1)(A). As a result, the Court will accept a stipulation of dismissal under Rule 41(a)(1)(A), so

long as the parties' stipulation of dismissal dismisses claims arising under the FLSA without prejudice.

If the parties wish to resolve the case by a stipulation that dismisses FLSA claims without prejudice

under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(1)(A), they are directed to submit such a stipulation by

two weeks from the date of this order. The executed stipulation should be filed on ECF as a

"Proposed Order," and be described using the "Stipulation of Voluntary Dismissal" filing event in

accordance with ECF Rule 13.18.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: November 25, 2020

United States District Judge

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